

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR, MNR

<u>Introduction</u>

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a Monetary Order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on March 1, 2017, the landlord sent Tenant B.P. the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail to the rental unit. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. The Canada Post Tracking Report shows the Notice of Direct Request was sent on February 27, 2017 and delivered to Tenant B.P. on March 1, 2017. Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with section 89 of the *Act*, I find that Tenant B.P. has been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on March 1, 2017.

The landlord submitted a second signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on March 2, 2017, the landlord sent Tenant A.S. the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail to the rental unit. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. The Canada Post Tracking Report shows the Notice of Direct Request was sent on February 27, 2017 and delivered to Tenant A.S. on March 2, 2017. Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with section 89 of the *Act*, I find that Tenant A.S. has been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on March 2, 2017.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

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Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proofs of Service of the Notices of Direct Request Proceeding served to the tenants;
- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord on April 21, 2015 and the tenants on April 14, 2015, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,300.00, due on the second day of the month for a tenancy commencing on May 1, 2015;
- A Monetary Order Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant portion of this tenancy; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) dated February 7, 2017, and sent to the tenants by registered mail, with a stated effective vacancy date of February 21, 2017, for \$5,200.00 in unpaid rent.

Documentary evidence filed by the landlord indicates that the 10 Day Notice was sent to the tenants on February 9, 2017. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. The Canada Post Tracking Report shows the Notice of Direct Request was sent on February 7, 2017 and delivered to the tenants on February 9, 2017. The 10 Day Notice states that the tenants had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end.

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and in accordance with section 88 of the *Act,* I find that the tenants were served with the 10 Day Notice on February 9, 2017.

I find that the tenants were obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$1,300.00, as per the tenancy agreement.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in full within the 5 days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that 5 day period.

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Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, February 21, 2017.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order in the amount of \$5,200.00, the amount claimed by the landlord, for unpaid rent owing for November 2016, December 2016, January 2017, and February 2017 as of February 21, 2017.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenants. Should the tenants fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*, I find that the landlord is entitled to a Monetary Order in the amount of \$5,200.00 for rent owed for November 2016, December 2016, January 2017, and February 2017. The landlord is provided with this Order in the above terms and the tenants must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenants fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: March 03, 2017

Residential Tenancy Branch