

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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# Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR

# <u>Introduction</u>

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent.

The Landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on September 13, 2017, the Landlord sent the Tenant the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail to the rental unit. The Landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. Based on the written submissions of the Landlord and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the Tenant has been deemed served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on September 18, 2017, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the Landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

### Background and Evidence

The Applicant submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the Landlord agent R.C. and the Tenant on April 28, 2017, indicating a monthly rent of \$890.00, due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on May 1, 2017;
- A Monetary Order Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant portion of this tenancy; and
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) dated September 6, 2017, with a stated effective vacancy date of September 17, 2017, for \$890.00 in unpaid rent.

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Witnessed documentary evidence filed by the Landlord indicates that the 10 Day Notice was personally served to the Tenant on 8:40 a.m. on September 6, 2017. The 10 Day Notice states that the Tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute

Resolution or the tenancy would end.

<u>Analysis</u>

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and in accordance with sections 88 of the *Act,* I find that the Tenant was duly served with the 10 Day Notice on September 6, 2017, the day it was

personally served.

I find that the Tenant was obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$890.00, as per the

tenancy agreement.

I accept the evidence before me that the Tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within

that five day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the Tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of

the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice,

September 17, 2017.

Therefore, I find that the Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent owing for

September 2017 as of September 12, 2017.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the Landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** 

on the Tenant. Should the Tenant fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and

enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy

Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: September 22, 2017

Residential Tenancy Branch