

## **Dispute Resolution Services**

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# Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

### **DECISION**

Dispute Codes CNC, FF, O

This hearing dealt with the tenant's application pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act") for:

- cancellation of the landlord's 1 Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (the 1 Month Notice) pursuant to section 47;
- an order requiring the landlord to comply with the Act, regulation or tenancy agreement pursuant to section 62;
- authorization to recover his filing fee for this application from the landlord pursuant to section 72.

This matter was set for a conference call hearing at 9:00 a.m. on this date. The tenant did not attend. The landlord attended the hearing via conference call and provided undisputed affirmed testimony. The landlord stated that she received the notice of hearing package from the tenant and that she understood that she would be responding to the tenant's request to cancel the 1 Month Notice. I find that the landlord has been sufficiently served as per section 90 of the Act.

I waited until 11 minutes past the start of the scheduled hearing time in order to enable both parties to connect with this teleconference hearing.

Rule 7 of the Rules of Procedure provides that:

#### 7.1 Commencement of the dispute resolution hearing

The dispute resolution hearing will commence at the scheduled time unless otherwise set by the arbitrator.

#### 7.2 Delay in the start of a hearing

In the event of a delay of a start of a conference call hearing, each party must stay available on the line to commence the hearing for 30 minutes after the time scheduled for the start of the hearing.

In the event of a delay of a face-to-face hearing, unless otherwise advised, the parties must remain available to commence the hearing at the hearing location for 30 minutes after the time scheduled for the start of the hearing.

#### 7.3 Consequences of not attending the hearing

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If a party or their agent fails to attend the hearing, the arbitrator may conduct the dispute resolution hearing in the absence of that party, or dismiss the application, with or without leave to re-apply.

#### 7.4 Evidence must be presented

Evidence must be presented by the party who submitted it, or by the party's agent. If a party or their agent does not attend the hearing to present evidence, any written submissions supplied may or may not be considered.

Accordingly, in the absence of any evidence or submissions from the tenant and in the absence of the tenant's participation in this hearing, I order the tenant's application dismissed without leave to reapply.

The landlord provided undisputed affirmed evidence that the 1 Month Notice dated July 28, 2017 was served to the tenant by posting it to the rental unit door on July 28, 2017 and sets out an effective end of tenancy date of July 28, 2017. The landlord was advised that this was corrected to August 31, 2017 pursuant to section 53 of the Act.

Pursuant to section 55 of the Act the landlord is granted an order of possession as the tenant's application was dismissed, the 1 Month Notice is upheld and the landlord seeks an end to the tenancy. The tenant must vacate the rental premises 2 days after being served with the order of possession.

The order of possession must be served upon the tenant. Should the tenant fail to comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: October 25, 2017

Residential Tenancy Branch