Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes CNL DRI OLC

Introduction

This hearing was convened by way of conference call concerning an application made by the tenants disputing a rent increase, and seeking an order cancelling a notice to end the tenancy for landlord's use of property and an order that the landlord comply with the *Act*, regulation or tenancy agreement.

Both tenants and the landlord attended the hearing and the landlord was assisted by another person.

During the course of the hearing the parties agreed to settle this dispute in the following terms:

- 1. the landlord will have an Order of Possession effective May 31, 2018 at 1:00 p.m.;
- if the tenants choose to move earlier, the parties will comply with Sections 50 and 51 of the *Residential Tenancy Act*, as follows:

50 (1) If a landlord gives a tenant notice to end a periodic tenancy under section 49 *[landlord's use of property]* or 49.1 *[landlord's notice: tenant ceases to qualify]*, the tenant may end the tenancy early by

(a) giving the landlord at least 10 days' written notice to end the tenancy on a date that is earlier than the effective date of the landlord's notice, and

(b) paying the landlord, on the date the tenant's notice is given, the proportion of the rent due to the effective date of the tenant's notice, unless subsection (2) applies.

(2) If the tenant paid rent before giving a notice under subsection (1), on receiving the tenant's notice, the landlord must refund any rent paid for a period after the effective date of the tenant's notice.

(3) A notice under this section does not affect the tenant's right to compensation under section 51 *[tenant's compensation: section 49 notice]*.

Tenant's compensation: section 49 notice

51 (1) A tenant who receives a notice to end a tenancy under section 49 *[landlord's use of property]* is entitled to receive from the landlord on or before the effective date of the landlord's notice an amount that is the equivalent of one month's rent payable under the tenancy agreement.

(1.1) A tenant referred to in subsection (1) may withhold the amount authorized from the last month's rent and, for the purposes of section 50 (2), that amount is deemed to have been paid to the landlord.

(1.2) If a tenant referred to in subsection (1) gives notice under section 50 before withholding the amount referred to in that subsection, the landlord must refund that amount.

(2) In addition to the amount payable under subsection (1), if

(a) steps have not been taken to accomplish the stated purpose for ending the tenancy under section 49 within a reasonable period after the effective date of the notice, or

(b) the rental unit is not used for that stated purpose for at least 6 months beginning within a reasonable period after the effective date of the notice, the landlord, or the purchaser, as applicable under section 49, must pay the tenant an amount that is the equivalent of double the monthly rent payable under the tenancy agreement.

The parties confirmed at the end of the hearing that this agreement was made on a voluntary basis and that the parties understood the nature of this full and final settlement of this matter, and agreed to deal with the security deposit and/or pet damage deposit in accordance with the *Residential Tenancy Act.*

Conclusion

For the reasons set out above, and by consent, I hereby grant an Order of Possession in favour of the landlord effective at 1:00 p.m. on May 31, 2018.

I further order the parties to comply with Sections 50 and 51 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* as set out above.

I further order the parties to comply with the *Residential Tenancy Act* with respect to the security deposit and/or pet damage deposit.

This order is final and binding and may be enforced.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: April 25, 2018

Residential Tenancy Branch