Dispute Resolution Services



Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes: OPC, FFL

Introduction

The Application for Dispute Resolution filed by the landlord seeks the following:

- a. An Order for Possession for cause
- b. An Order to recover the cost of the filing fee.

The tenant(s) failed to appear at the scheduled start of the hearing which was 1:00 p.m. on May 22, 2018. The landlords were present and ready to proceed. I left the teleconference hearing connection open and did not start the hearing until 10 minutes after the schedule start time in order to enable the tenant to call in. The tenants failed to appear. I confirmed that the correct call-in numbers and participant codes had been provided in the Notice of Hearing. I then proceeded with the hearing. The landlords were given a full opportunity to present affirmed testimony, to make submissions and to call witnesses.

On the basis of the solemnly affirmed evidence presented at that hearing, a decision has been reached. All of the evidence was carefully considered.

I find that the one month Notice to End Tenancy was personally served on the Tenant on March 27, 2018. Further I find that the Application for Dispute Resolution and Notice of Dispute Resolution Hearing was personally served on the Tenants on April 9, 2018. With respect to each of the applicant's claims I find as follows:

Issue(s) to be Decided

The issues to be decided are as follows:

- a. Whether the landlords are entitled to an Order for Possession?
- b. Whether the landlords are entitled to recover the cost of the filing fee?

Background and Evidence:

The parties entered into a tenancy agreement that provided that the tenancy would start on January 28, 2018. The rent is \$1450 per month payable in advance on the first day

of each month. The tenants paid a security deposit of \$725 at the start of the tenancy. The tenants paid the rent for May but owe hydro and gas.

The tenant(s) continue to reside in the rental unit.

Analysis - Order of Possession:

I determined the landlords are entitled to an Order for Possession. They served a one month Notice to End Tenancy on the Tenants in person on March 28, 2018 that set the end of tenancy for April 30, 2018. The Tenant(s) have not made an application to set aside the Notice to End Tenancy and the time to do so has expired. In such situations the Residential Tenancy Act provides the tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted that the tenancy ends on the effective date of the notice, and must vacate the rental unit by that date. Accordingly, I granted the landlord an Order for Possession effective May 31, 2018. I ordered that the tenants pay to the landlords the cost of the filing fee in the sum of \$100 such sum may be deducted from the security deposit.

The tenant must be served with this Order as soon as possible. Should the tenant fail to comply with this Order, the landlord may register the Order with the Supreme Court of British Columbia for enforcement.

This decision is final and binding on the parties.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: May 22, 2018

Residential Tenancy Branch