



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding MAKOLA HOUSING SOCIETY
and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPRM-DR, FFL

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the “*Act*”), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a Monetary Order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding form which declares that on June 01, 2018, the landlord’s agent served the tenant with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding via registered mail. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. Section 90 of the *Act* determines that a document served in this manner is deemed to have been received five days after service.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant has been deemed served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on June 06, 2018, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding served to the tenant;

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord's agent and the tenant on December 22, 2016, indicating that the monthly rent is due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on December 22, 2016. On the application for dispute resolution, the landlord states that the tenant provides monthly rent in the form of a tenant rent contribution, which is based on the tenant's income, which was determined to be \$631.00 each month ;
- A Direct Request Worksheet, with an accompanying rental ledger, showing the rent owing and paid during the portion of this tenancy in question, on which the landlord establishes a monetary claim in the amount of \$1,693.00 for outstanding rent, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent owed for the months comprising the period of March 2018 to May 2018;
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the Notice) dated May 08, 2018, which the landlord states was served to the tenant on May 08, 2018, for \$1,713.00 in unpaid rent due on May 01, 2018, with a stated effective vacancy date of May 21, 2018; and
- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice showing that the landlord's agent "GA" served the Notice to the tenant by way of posting it to the door of the rental unit on May 08, 2018. The Proof of Service form establishes that the service was witnessed by "WT" and a signature for "WT" is included on the form.

The Notice restates section 46(4) of the *Act* which provides that the tenant had five days to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the effective date of the Notice. The tenant did not apply to dispute the Notice within five days from the date of service and the landlord alleged that the tenant did not pay the rental arrears.

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence provided by the landlord. Section 90 of the *Act* provides that because the Notice was served by posting the Notice to the door of the rental unit, the tenant is deemed to have received the Notice three days after its posting. In accordance with sections 88 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant is deemed to have received the Notice on May 11, 2018, three days after its posting.

As part of the monetary claim established on the application for dispute resolution and on the Direct Request worksheet, the landlord has included a fee for which reimbursement cannot be sought by way of the Direct Request process. The landlord has added to the monetary claim an amount of \$20.00 for an NSF fee. As reimbursement for additional fees, such as NSF fees, cannot be sought by way of the Direct Request process, I will address only the portion of the monetary claim which arises from unpaid rent owed for the month of May 2018. I note the landlord remains at liberty to file a separate Application for Dispute Resolution seeking to recover the NSF fee.

I find that the tenant was obligated to pay monthly rent, in the form of a tenant rent contribution, in the amount of \$631.00, and accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay rental arrears in the amount of \$1,693.00, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent owed by May 01, 2018 for months comprising the period of March 2018 to May 2018.

I accept the landlord's undisputed evidence and find that the tenant did not pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act* and did not apply to dispute the Notice within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the Notice, May 21, 2018.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and a monetary Order of \$1,693.00 for unpaid rent owed by May 01, 2018.

As the landlord was successful in this application, I find that the landlord is entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to sections 67 and 72 of the *Act*, I find that the landlord is entitled to a monetary Order in the amount of \$1,793.00 for unpaid rent, and for the recovery of the filing fee for this application. The landlord is provided with these Orders in the above terms and the tenant must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenant fail to comply with these Orders, these Orders may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as Orders of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: June 08, 2018

Residential Tenancy Branch