

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

# **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPRM-DR, FFL

## Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a monetary Order.

The landlord submitted two signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding forms which declare that on May 31, 2018, the landlord's agent served each of the abovenamed tenants with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding via registered mail. The landlord provided two copies of the Canada Post Customer Receipts containing the Tracking Numbers to confirm these mailings. Section 90 of the *Act* determines that a document served in this manner is deemed to have been received five days after service.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord, and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenants have been deemed served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on June 05, 2018, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

## Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*?

# **Background and Evidence**

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

 Two copies of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding served to the tenants; Page: 2

 A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord's agent and the tenant "JB" on August 22, 2016, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,975.00 due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on September 01, 2016;

- A Direct Request Worksheet showing the rent owing during the portion of this tenancy in question, on which the landlord establishes a monetary claim in the amount of \$1,925.00 for outstanding rent, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent due by April 01, 2018:
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the Notice) dated April 03, 2018, which the landlord states was served to the tenants on April 03, 2018, for \$1,975.00 in unpaid rent due on April 01, 2018, with a stated effective vacancy date of April 13, 2018;
- A copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice showing that the landlord's agent "SR" served the Notice to the tenants by way of posting it to the door of the rental unit on April 03, 2018. The Proof of Service form establishes that the service was witnessed by "WG" and a signature for "WG" is included on the form.

The Notice restates section 46(4) of the Act which provides that the tenants had five days to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the effective date of the Notice. The tenants did not apply to dispute the Notice within five days from the date of service and the landlord alleged that the tenants did not pay the rental arrears.

## Analysis

Although a second individual, identified as "GJ", is listed as a respondent tenant on the Application for Dispute Resolution by Direct Request and as a second tenant on the tenancy agreement, a signature for "GJ" does not appear on the tenancy agreement to demonstrate that "GJ" entered into a tenancy with the applicant landlord and endorsed the terms of the tenancy agreement as a tenant. Therefore, I will consider the landlord's application against the tenant "JB" only.

I have reviewed all documentary evidence provided by the landlord. Section 90 of the *Act* provides that because the Notice was served by posting the Notice to the door of the rental unit, the tenant is deemed to have received the Notice three days after its posting. In accordance with sections 88 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant is deemed to have received the Notice on April 06, 2018, three days after its posting.

Although on the Application for Dispute Resolution by Direct Request, the landlord has established a monetary claim in the amount of \$4,050.00 for unpaid rent, the landlord has not demonstrated, either on the Direct Request worksheet, or by way of other evidentiary material, that there is unpaid rent owed beyond the amount indicated on the Direct Request worksheet. Therefore, as the landlord has not provided evidence to establish that there is unpaid rent owed in the amount of \$4,050.00, I will rely upon the information provided on the Direct Request worksheet, which establishes that there is unpaid rent owed by April 01, 2018 in the amount of \$1,925.00.

I find that the tenant was obligated to pay monthly rent in the amount of \$1,975.00, as established in the tenancy agreement. I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has

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failed to pay rental arrears in the amount of \$1,925.00, comprised of the balance of unpaid rent owed by April 01, 2018 for the month of April 2018.

I accept the landlord's undisputed evidence and find that the tenant did not pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act* and did not apply to dispute the Notice within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the corrected effective date of the Notice, April 16, 2018.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and a monetary Order of \$1,925.00 for unpaid rent owed by April 01, 2018.

As the landlord was successful in this application, I find that the landlord is entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

## Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to sections 67 and 72 of the *Act*, I find that the landlord is entitled to a monetary Order in the amount of \$1,935.00 for unpaid rent, and for the recovery of the filing fee for this application. The landlord is provided with these Orders in the above terms and the tenant must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenant fail to comply with these Orders, these Orders may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as Orders of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: June 08, 2018

Residential Tenancy Branch