

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

# **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR-DR

## <u>Introduction</u>

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on May 30, 2018, the landlord posted the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding for Tenant C.P. to the door of the rental unit. The landlord had a witness sign the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding to confirm this service. Based on the written submission of the landlord and in accordance with sections 89(2) and 90 of the *Act*, I find that Tenant C.P. has been deemed served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on June 02, 2018, the third day after their posting.

The landlord did not submit a Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding for Tenant S.S. and has not established that Tenant S.S. has been served with the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

#### Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and the tenants on November 01, 2013, indicating a monthly rent of \$710.00, due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on November 01, 2013.
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) dated May 02, 2018, for \$792.00 in unpaid rent. The 10 Day Notice provides that the tenants had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply

for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of May 12, 2018;

- A copy of a witnessed Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form which indicates that the 10 Day Notice was personally handed to Tenant S.S. at 9:30 a.m. on May 02, 2018; and
- A Direct Request Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant portion of this tenancy.

## Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and in accordance with section 88 of the *Act*, I find that the tenants were duly served with the 10 Day Notice on May 02, 2018. I find that the tenants were obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$710.00 as per the tenancy agreement. I accept the evidence before me that the tenants has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46 (4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that five day period. Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenants are conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, May 12, 2018. Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent owing for May 2018 as of May 29, 2018.

# Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant(s). Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: June 04, 2018

Residential Tenancy Branch