

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

RECORD OF SETTLEMENT

<u>Dispute Codes</u> CNL, FFT, MNDCT, OLC, RP

<u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with the tenant's application pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*) for:

- cancellation of the landlord's 2 Month Notice to End Tenancy for Landlord's Use of Property (the 2 Month Notice) pursuant to section 49;
- an order to the landlord to make repairs to the rental unit pursuant to section 33;
- an order requiring the landlord to comply with the *Act*, regulation or tenancy agreement pursuant to section 62;
- a monetary order for compensation for damage or loss under the *Act*, regulation or tenancy agreement pursuant to section 67;
- authorization to recover his filing fee for this application from the landlord pursuant to section 72.

Preliminary Issue

RTB Rules of Procedure 2.3 states that if in the course of a dispute resolution proceeding, the Arbitrator determines that it is appropriate to do so, the Arbitrator may dismiss unrelated disputes contained in a single application with or without leave to reapply. In this regard I find the tenant has applied for a monetary order for compensation along with requests for repairs. I find that the primary issue is whether or not the tenancy will continue. I hereby dismiss the tenants request for a monetary order and repairs with leave to reapply. This decision will only address the issue of the tenancy.

Section 63 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* provides that the parties may attempt to settle their dispute during a hearing. Pursuant to this provision, discussion between the parties at the outset of the hearing led to a resolution. Specifically, it was agreed as follows;

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- 1. Both parties agree that the tenant will move out by no later than 1:00 p.m. on December 31, 2018;
- 2. Both parties agreed that the tenant can end the tenancy with ten days written notice to the landlord; and
- 3. Both parties agreed that regardless of the move out date, the tenant would be compensated the equivalent of one full month's rent.

Pursuant to this agreement the landlord will be given an order of possession to reflect condition #1 of this agreement. Should it be necessary, this order may be filed in the Supreme Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

The parties confirmed at the end of the hearing that this agreement was made on a voluntary basis and that the parties understood the nature of this full and final settlement of this matter.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: September 20, 2018

Residential Tenancy Branch