



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## DECISION

Dispute Codes      OPR-DR, FFL

### Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent.

The landlord submitted one signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on November 28, 2018, the landlord personally served the tenants a Notice of Direct Request Proceeding. The landlord had a witness sign the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding to confirm this service.

### Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*?

### Analysis

In an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, the onus is on the landlord to ensure that all submitted evidentiary material is in accordance with the prescribed criteria and that such evidentiary material does not lend itself to ambiguity or give rise to issues that may need further clarification beyond the purview of a Direct Request Proceeding. If the landlord cannot establish that all documents meet the standard necessary to proceed via the Direct Request Proceeding, the application may be found to have deficiencies that necessitate a participatory hearing, or, in the alternative, the application may be dismissed.

In this type of matter, the landlord must prove they served the tenants with the Notices of Direct Request proceeding with all the required inclusions as indicated on the Notice as per subsections 89 (1) and (2) of the *Act* and in a manner that is considered

necessary as per section 71(2) (a) of the *Act*. On the top of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding, the wording reads as follows: “You must serve these documents to each respondent individually and complete a separate Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding for each respondent”

I find that the landlord has only submitted one Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which includes both tenants’ names. I find that I am not able to confirm whether the landlord served one copy of the documents or a separate package for each tenant. I also find that I am not able to confirm whether the landlord handed the documents to Tenant N.H., to Tenant A.B., or to each tenant individually.

In an ex parte hearing, I find that I am not able to confirm service of the Notices of the Direct Request Proceeding to each of the parties individually as required by sections 71 and 89 of the *Act*. For this reason, the landlord’s application for an Order of Possession for unpaid rent is dismissed with leave to reapply.

As the landlord was not successful in this application, I find that the landlord is not entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

### Conclusion

I dismiss the landlord’s application for an Order of Possession for unpaid rent with leave to reapply.

I dismiss the landlord’s application to recover the filing fee paid for this application without leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: December 06, 2018

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Residential Tenancy Branch