

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding HABITAT HOUSING SOCIETY and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPRM-DR

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a Monetary Order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on December 5, 2018, the landlord sent the tenant the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail to the rental unit. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant is deemed to have been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on December 10, 2018, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

 A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by a landlord who is not the applicant and the tenant on April 30, 2010, indicating a monthly rent

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based on income, due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing April 1, 2010;

- A copy of an Assignment of Leases document showing the transfer of ownership from the former landlord who is named in the tenancy agreement to the current landlord who is applying for dispute resolution;
- A copy of a Tenant Rent Contribution letter establishing the tenant's monthly rent contribution at \$503.00 effective from November 1, 2017, until October 31, 2018;
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) dated November 7, 2018, for \$2,495.00 in unpaid rent. The 10 Day Notice provides that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of November 20, 2018;
- A copy of a witnessed Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form which indicates that the 10 Day Notice was posted to the tenant's door at 11:24 am on November 7, 2018; and
- A Direct Request Worksheet and ledger showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant portion of this tenancy.

<u>Analysis</u>

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and in accordance with sections 88 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant was deemed served with the 10 Day Notice on November 10, 2018, three days after its posting.

I find that the tenant was obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$503.00, as per the tenancy agreement and the Tenant Rent Contribution letter.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that five day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, November 20, 2018.

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Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent

owing as of November 29, 2018.

I note that the ledger submitted by the landlord includes a rent adjustment for November 2017 to March 2018 done on March 31, 2018. The ledger includes a second rent

adjustment for March 2018 done on April 1, 2018. It appears from the ledger that the

rent for March 2018 was adjusted twice.

I find that I am not able to confirm the precise amount of rent owing, and for this reason

the landlord's application for a Monetary Order for unpaid rent is dismissed with leave to

reapply.

<u>Conclusion</u>

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this**

Order on the tenant. Should the tenant fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be

filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

I dismiss the landlord's application for a Monetary Order for unpaid rent with leave to

reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: December 11, 2018

Residential Tenancy Branch