Dispute Resolution Services



Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPC, OPR

Introduction

This hearing dealt with the landlord's application pursuant to the Residential Tenancy Act (the "Act") for:

• an order of possession for unpaid rent and for cause pursuant to sections 46, 47, and 55;

The hearing was conducted by conference call. The tenant did not attend this hearing, although I waited until 9:40 a.m. in order to enable the tenant to connect with this teleconference hearing scheduled for 9:30 a.m. The landlord attended the hearing and was given a full opportunity to be heard, to present evidence and to make submissions.

Preliminary Issue: Service of Landlord's Application

The landlord testified that he served the application for dispute resolution and notice of dispute resolution hearing package to the tenant by placing the documents through the mail slot of the front door of the rental unit. The landlord was not able to recall the date on which he served the notice of dispute resolution package in this manner.

Section 89 of the *Act* establishes the following Special rules for certain documents, which include an application for dispute resolution:

89(1) An application for dispute resolution or a decision of the director to proceed with a review under Division 2 of Part 5, when required to be given to one party by another, must be given in one of the following ways:

- (a) by leaving a copy with the person;
- (b) if the person is a landlord, by leaving a copy with an agent of the landlord;
- (c) by sending a copy by registered mail to the address at which the person resides or, if the person is a landlord, to the address at which the person carries on business as a landlord;
- (d) if the person is a tenant, by sending a copy by registered mail to a forwarding address provided by the tenant;
- (e) as ordered by the director under section 71(1) [director's orders: delivery and service of document]...

(2) An application by a landlord under section 55 [order of possession for the landlord], 56 [application for order ending tenancy early] or 56.1 [order of possession: tenancy frustrated] must be given to the tenant in one of the following ways:

(a) by leaving a copy with the tenant;

(b) by sending a copy by registered mail to the address at which the tenant resides;

(c) by leaving a copy at the tenant's residence with an adult who apparently resides with the tenant;

(d) by attaching a copy to a door or other conspicuous place at the address at which the tenant resides;

(e) as ordered by the director under section 71 (1) [director's orders: delivery and service of documents].

The landlord testified that the notice of dispute resolution package was inserted through the mail slot of the front door of the rental unit. Service of the documents in this manner is not an approved method of service under the *Act*.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the landlord has not served the notice of dispute resolution package in accordance with the *Act*. Therefore, I dismiss the landlord's application for an Order of Possession with leave to reapply.

Conclusion

I dismiss the landlord's application with leave to reapply. Leave to reapply is not an extension of any applicable limitation period.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 03, 2019

Residential Tenancy Branch