

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

# **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR OPN MNR MND MNDC MNSD FF / CNR

## <u>Introduction</u>

This hearing was convened in response to cross-applications by the parties pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act") for Orders as follows:

#### Landlord:

- an order of possession for unpaid rent and utilities pursuant to section 55;
- an order of possession based on tenant's written notice to end tenancy pursuant to section 55;
- a monetary order for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67;
- a monetary order for damage to the rental unit pursuant to section 67;
- a monetary order for money owed or compensation for damage or loss under the Act, regulation or tenancy agreement pursuant to section 67;
- authorization to retain all or a portion of the tenant's security deposit in partial satisfaction of the monetary order requested pursuant to section 38;
- authorization to recover the filing fee for this application from the tenant pursuant to section 72.

#### Tenant:

 cancellation of the landlord's 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) pursuant to section 46;

All named parties attended the hearing. The tenant's name was misspelled in the applications and/or the case management system and has been corrected in this decision.

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Residential Tenancy Branch Rules of Procedure, Rule 2.3 states that, if, in the course of the dispute resolution proceeding, the Arbitrator determines that it is appropriate to do so, the Arbitrator may sever or dismiss the unrelated disputes contained in a single application with or without leave to apply.

Aside from the issues related to the tenant's application to cancel the Notice to End Tenancy and the landlord's application for an order of possession, I exercised my discretion to dismiss the remainder of the issues identified in the landlord's application with leave to reapply as these matters are not related. Leave to reapply is not an extension of any applicable time limit.

# Settlement of dispute relating to One Month Notice

Pursuant to section 63 of the Act, an arbitrator may assist the parties to settle their dispute and if the parties settle their dispute during the dispute resolution proceedings, the settlement may be recorded in the form of a decision or an order. The parties expressed an interest and were successful in resolving the dispute relating to the Notice to End Tenancy by mutual agreement under the following final and binding terms:

1. The tenant and landlord reached a mutual agreement to **end this tenancy** *no later* than **1:00 p.m. on January 17, 2019**, and, the landlord will be granted an **Order of Possession** effective this date.

Each party confirmed that this agreement was reached voluntarily and that they understood the terms of the agreement. The parties agreed that these particulars comprise the full and final settlement of the dispute relating to the Notice to End Tenancy.

This Decision and Settlement Agreement is final and binding on both parties.

### Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective 1:00 p.m. on January 17, 2019. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 07, 2019	
	Residential Tenancy Branch