

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

# DECISION

Dispute Codes CNC

## Introduction

This hearing dealt with the tenant's application pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*) for cancellation of the One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause, pursuant to section 47.

The tenant did not attend this hearing, although I left the teleconference hearing connection open until 11:10 a.m. in order to enable the tenant to call into this teleconference hearing scheduled for 11:00 a.m. The landlord attended the hearing and was given a full opportunity to be heard, to present affirmed testimony, to make submissions and to call witnesses. I confirmed that the correct call-in numbers and participant codes had been provided in the Notice of Hearing. I also confirmed from the teleconference system that the landlord and I were the only ones who had called into this teleconference.

The landlord testified that he received the tenant's notice of dispute resolution application via registered mail but could not recall on what date. I find that the landlord was served with this package in accordance with section 89 of the *Act*.

I note that section 55 of the *Act* requires that when a tenant submits an Application for Dispute Resolution seeking to cancel a notice to end tenancy issued by a landlord I must consider if the landlord is entitled to an order of possession if the Application is dismissed and the landlord has issued a notice to end tenancy that is compliant with the *Act*.

## Issue(s) to be Decided

- 1. Is the tenant entitled to cancellation of the One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause, pursuant to section 47 of the *Act*?
- 2. If the tenant's application is dismissed and the landlord's Notice to End Tenancy is upheld, is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession, pursuant to section 55 of the *Act*?

#### Background and Evidence

While I have turned my mind to the documentary evidence and the testimony of the landlord, not all details of his submissions and arguments are reproduced here. The relevant and important aspects of the landlord's claims and my findings are set out below.

The landlord provided undisputed testimony that this tenancy began on April 1, 2018 and has ended. Monthly rent in the amount of \$950.00 was payable on the first day of each month. A security deposit of \$475.00 was paid by the tenant to the landlord. A written tenancy agreement was signed by both parties and a copy was submitted for this application.

The landlord testified that the tenant texted him the day before this hearing and informed him that she moved out of the subject rental property.

The landlord testified that he served the tenant with a One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (the "One Month Notice") on November 18, 2018. The One Month Notice was not entered into evidence.

#### <u>Analysis</u>

Rule 7 of the Rules of Procedure provides as follows:

#### 7.1 Commencement of the dispute resolution hearing

The dispute resolution hearing will commence at the scheduled time unless otherwise set by the arbitrator. Rule 7.3 states that if a party or their agent fails to attend the hearing, the arbitrator may conduct the dispute resolution hearing in the absence of that party, or dismiss the application, with or without leave to re-apply.

Based on the above, in the absence of any evidence or submissions from the applicant I order the application dismissed without liberty to reapply.

Section 55 of the *Act* states that if a tenant makes an application for dispute resolution to dispute a landlord's notice to end a tenancy, the director must grant to the landlord an order of possession of the rental unit if:

(a)the landlord's notice to end tenancy complies with section 52 [form and content of notice to end tenancy], and

(b)the director, during the dispute resolution proceeding, dismisses the tenant's application or upholds the landlord's notice.

I find that since the One Month Notice was not entered into evidence I cannot determine if it complies with section 52 of the *Act*. I therefore decline to award an Order of Possession to the landlord.

## **Conclusion**

I dismiss the tenant's application without leave to reapply.

I decline to award the landlord and Order of Possession.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 08, 2019

Residential Tenancy Branch