

Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes CNC

I was designated to hear this matter pursuant to section 58 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*). The tenant applied for cancellation of the landlord's 1 Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (the 1 Month Notice) pursuant to section 47 of the *Act*.

The Respondent called into this teleconference hearing at the date and time set for the hearing of this matter. The Applicant did not, although I waited until 11:13 a.m. to enable them to connect with this teleconference hearing scheduled for 11:00 a.m. I confirmed that the correct call-in numbers and participant codes had been provided in the Notice of Hearing. During the hearing, I also confirmed from the online teleconference system that the Respondent and I were the only persons who had called into this teleconference.

At the hearing, the landlord testified that they had signed a Mutual Agreement to End Tenancy with the tenant on April 9, 2019, in which the parties agreed that this tenancy will end on June 30, 2019. The landlord asked for an Order of Possession to take effect on that date, to be used in the event that the tenant did not comply with the terms of the Mutual Agreement to End Tenancy.

Rule 10.1 of the Rules of Procedure provides as follows:

10.1 Commencement of the hearing The hearing must commence at the scheduled time unless otherwise decided by the arbitrator. The arbitrator may conduct the hearing in the absence of a party and may make a decision or dismiss the application, with or without leave to re-apply.

Accordingly, in the absence of any evidence or submissions from the applicant at this hearing, I order the application dismissed without liberty to reapply.

Page: 2

Section 47(3) of the *Act* requires that "a notice under this section must comply with section 52 [form and content of notice to end tenancy].

Section 55(1) of the *Act* reads as follows:

If a tenant makes an application for dispute resolution to dispute a landlord's notice to end a tenancy, the director must grant to the landlord an order of possession of the rental unit if

- (a) the landlord's notice to end tenancy complies with section 52 [form and content of notice to end tenancy], and
- (b) the director, during the dispute resolution proceeding, dismisses the tenant's application or upholds the landlord's notice.

I am satisfied that the landlord's 1 Month Notice entered into written evidence was on the proper RTB form and complied with the content requirements of section 52 of the *Act*. For these reasons, the landlord is provided with a formal copy of an Order of Possession.

Conclusion

The tenant's application is dismissed without leave to reapply. The landlord is provided with an Order of Possession to take effect by 1:00 p.m. on June 30, 2019. Should the tenant fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: April 11, 2019	
	Residential Tenancy Branch