



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding NAV HOLDING LTD  
and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

## DECISION

Dispute Codes AS CNR FFT LRE

### Introduction

This hearing dealt with the tenant's application pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*) for:

- cancellation of the landlord's 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) pursuant to section 46;
- an order allowing the tenant to assign or sublet because the landlord's permission has been unreasonably withheld pursuant to section 65;
- an order restricting the landlord's right to enter the rental suite pursuant to section 70; and
- authorization to recover the filing fee from the landlord pursuant to section 72..

This matter was set for hearing by telephone conference call at 9:30 am on this date. The line remained open while the phone system was monitored for ten minutes and the only participant who called into the hearing during this time was the agent for the corporate respondent.

Rule 7.3 of the Rules of Procedure provides as follows:

**7.3 Consequences of not attending the hearing** – If a party or their agent fails to attend the hearing, the arbitrator may conduct the dispute resolution hearing in the absence of that party, or dismiss the application with or without leave to reapply.

Therefore, as the applicant did not attend the hearing by 9:40 am, and the respondent appeared and was ready to proceed, I dismiss the tenants' claim in its entirety without leave to reapply.

Section 55 of the *Act* provides that:

If a tenant makes an application for dispute resolution to dispute a landlord's notice to end a tenancy, the director **must** grant to the landlord an order of possession of the rental unit if

- (a) the landlord's notice to end tenancy complies with section 52 [form and content of notice to end tenancy], and
- (b) the director, during the dispute resolution proceeding, dismisses the tenant's application or upholds the landlord's notice.

.As I have dismissed the tenant's application, and I find that the 10 Day Notice complies with the form and content requirements of section 52 as it is signed and dated by the corporate landlord's agent, provides the address of the rental unit, the effective date of the notice, and the grounds for the tenancy to end, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession pursuant to section 55. The landlord submitted into evidence the tenant ledger showing the rental arrears and I am satisfied that there was a basis for the 10 Day Notice. As the effective date of the notice has passed, I issue an Order of Possession effective two (2) days after service.

#### Conclusion

The tenant's application is dismissed in its entirety without leave to reapply.

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **2 days after service on the tenant**. Should the tenant or anyone on the premises fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: July 19, 2019

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Residential Tenancy Branch