

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Introduction

This hearing dealt with the tenant's application pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*") for:

- cancellation of the landlord's 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for unpaid rent (the 10 Day Notice) pursuant to section 46;
- more time to make an application to cancel the landlord's 10 Day Notice pursuant to section 66:
- an order regarding a disputed additional rent increase pursuant to section 43;
- a monetary order for money owed or compensation for damage or loss under the Act, regulation or tenancy agreement pursuant to section 67;
- authorization to recover the filing fee for this application from the landlord pursuant to section 72.

All named parties attended the hearing.

<u>Preliminary Issue – Scope of Application</u>

Residential Tenancy Branch Rules of Procedure, Rule 2.3 states that, if, in the course of the dispute resolution proceeding, the Arbitrator determines that it is appropriate to do so, the Arbitrator may sever or dismiss the unrelated disputes contained in a single application with or without leave to apply.

Aside from the tenant's application to cancel the Notice to End Tenancy, I am exercising my discretion to dismiss the remainder of the issues identified in the tenants' application with leave to reapply as these matters are not related. Leave to reapply is not an extension of any applicable time limit.

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Settlement of dispute relating to the 10 Day Notice

Pursuant to section 63 of the Act, an arbitrator may assist the parties to settle their dispute and if the parties settle their dispute during the dispute resolution proceedings, the settlement may be recorded in the form of a decision or an order. The parties expressed an interest and were successful in resolving the dispute relating to the Notice to End Tenancy by mutual agreement under the following final and binding terms:

- The tenant and landlord agree that this tenancy will end no later than 1:00 p.m. on November 30, 2019, and, the landlord will be granted an Order of Possession.
- 2. The landlord agrees to not enforce the attached Order of Possession until November 30, 2019 on the following conditions:
 - 1. The tenant pays the rent arrears for September 2019 in the amount of \$725.00 on or before September 30, 2019.
 - 2. The tenant pays October 2019 in the amount of \$725.00 on or before October 15, 2019.
 - 3. The tenant pays November 2019 in the amount of \$725.00 on or before November 1, 2019.

If the tenant fails to comply with any of the above conditions, the landlord may enforce the attached order of possession effective **two days after service of the Order** on the tenant.

Each party confirmed that this agreement was reached voluntarily and that they understood the terms of the agreement. The parties agreed that these particulars comprise the full and final settlement of the dispute relating to the Notice to End Tenancy.

This Decision and Settlement Agreement is final and binding on both parties.

Conclusion

Subject to the conditions described above, I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of the Order** on the tenant. Should the tenant(s) fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: September 26, 2019

Residential Tenancy Branch