

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding DINICOLO ENTERPRISES LTD and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes ET

<u>Introduction</u>

This hearing dealt with an application by the landlord under the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*) for the following:

• An order for early termination of a tenancy pursuant to section 56.

RD attended as agent for the landlord ("the landlord"). The tenant attended.

No issues of service were raised. I find the landlord served the tenant in accordance with the Act.

The hearing process was explained, and each party had the opportunity to ask questions.

Both parties had an opportunity to be heard, to present their affirmed testimony and to make submissions.

Before the conclusion of this hearing, the parties discussed the issues between them, engaged in a conversation, turned their minds to compromise, and achieved a resolution of their dispute.

Pursuant to section 63 of the *Act*, the Arbitrator may assist the parties to settle their dispute and if the parties do so during the dispute resolution proceedings, the settlement may be recorded in the form of a Decision or an Order.

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Given the agreement reached between the parties during the proceedings, I find that the parties have settled their dispute and the following records this settlement as a Decision:

The parties agreed as follows:

- The tenancy between the parties will end at 6:00 PM on November 24, 2019, by which time the tenant and any other occupants will return vacant possession of the rental unit to the landlord.
- 2. Both parties testified that they understood and agreed that the above terms are final, binding, and enforceable, and settle all aspects of this application.

To give effect to the settlement reached between the parties and as advised to both parties during the hearing, I issue the following order:

I issue to the landlord an Order of Possession dated November 24, 2019 to be served on the tenant ONLY if the tenant fails to abide by the terms set out in this settlement agreement.

Should the landlord be required to service this Order on the tenant and should the tenant or anyone occupying the premises fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

The parties are still bound by all the rights, responsibilities, terms, conditions and any statutory compensation provisions of the tenancy agreement, the *Act*, and the associated regulations.

<u>Conclusion</u>

I issue to the landlord an Order of Possession dated November 24, 2019 to be served on the tenant ONLY if the tenant fails to abide by the terms set out in this settlement agreement.

Should the landlord be required to service this Order on the tenant and should the tenant or anyone occupying the premises fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: November 18, 2019

Residential Tenancy Branch