



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Green Tree Estates Ltd. and  
[tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

## **DECISION**

Dispute Codes

OPM FF

### Introduction

This hearing was convened as a result of the Landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution. The participatory hearing was held on November 28, 2019. The Landlord applied for the following relief, pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"):

- an order of possession based on a mutual agreement to end tenancy

The Landlord attended the hearing and provided testimony. The Tenant did not attend the hearing. The Landlord withdrew his request to recover the filing fee.

The Landlord testified that they sent the Notice of Hearing along with supporting documentary evidence to the Tenant by registered mail. The Landlord also uploaded a copy of the signed proof of service document showing the registered mail package was signed for by an adult of who resides at the residence on September 23, 2019. I find the Tenant received the package the same day it was signed for it, on September 23, 2019.

The Landlord was provided the opportunity to present evidence orally and in written and documentary form, and to make submissions to me. I have reviewed all oral and written evidence before me that met the requirements of the Rules of Procedure. However, only the evidence relevant to the issues and findings in this matter are described in this Decision.

### Issues to be Decided

- Is the Landlord entitled to an order of possession based on a mutual agreement to end tenancy?

### Background and Evidence

The Landlord stated that they bought the land and the manufactured homes earlier this year. At the time they purchased the land and the rental units, they entered into mutual agreements with several different tenants so that they could redevelop the land into something different.

The Landlord provided a copy of a mutual agreement to end tenancy (the “agreement”), dated April 26, 2019. The agreement specifies that the Tenant agreed to vacate the rental unit by 12:00 pm on December 1, 2019. Both the Landlord and the Tenant signed this written agreement.

The Landlord testified that they are seeking an order of possession to ensure the mutual agreement is upheld.

### Analysis

Section 44 of the Act allows for a tenancy to end by mutual agreement of the parties to the tenancy as long as the agreement is in writing.

Based on the testimony and documentary evidence, and on a balance of probabilities, I find there is sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the parties entered into a mutual agreement to end the tenancy, effective December 1, 2019.

I find the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession based on the mutual agreement to end tenancy. This order of possession will be effective as of December 1, 2019, the date the parties agreed to end the tenancy.

### Conclusion

The Landlord is granted an order of possession effective **December 1, 2019, at 12 pm**. This order must be served on the Tenant. If the Tenant fails to comply with this order the Landlord may file the order with the Supreme Court of British Columbia and be enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: November 28, 2019