

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> CNR, OLC, AS, RR, FFT

Introduction

On January 13, 2020, the Tenant applied for a Dispute Resolution proceeding seeking to cancel a 10 Day Notice for Unpaid Rent (the "Notice") pursuant to Section 46 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), seeking an Order to comply pursuant to Section 62 of the *Act*, seeking authorization to assign or sublet pursuant to Section 65 of the *Act*, seeking a rent reduction pursuant to Section 65 of the *Act*, and seeking to recover the filing fee pursuant to Section 72 of the *Act*.

On January 21, 2020, this Application was set down for a hearing on March 23, 2020 at 9:30 AM.

The Landlord attended the hearing with D.C. attending as an agent for the Landlord. However, the Tenant did not appear during the 12-minute hearing.

Background and Evidence

This hearing was scheduled to commence via teleconference at 9:30 AM on March 23, 2020.

Rule 7.1 of the Rules of Procedure stipulates that the hearing must commence at the scheduled time unless otherwise decided by the Arbitrator. The Arbitrator may conduct the hearing in the absence of a party and may make a decision or dismiss the application, with or without leave to re-apply.

I dialed into the teleconference at 9:30 AM and monitored the teleconference until 9:42 AM. Only the Respondent and her agent dialed into the teleconference during this time. I confirmed that the correct call-in numbers and participant codes had been provided in the Notice of Hearing. I confirmed during the hearing that the Applicant did not dial in and I

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also confirmed from the teleconference system that the only party who had called into this

teleconference was the Landlord.

<u>Analysis</u>

As the Applicant did not attend the hearing by 9:42 AM, I find that the Application for

Dispute Resolution has been abandoned.

I note that Section 55 of the *Act* requires that when a Tenant submits an Application for

Dispute Resolution seeking to cancel a notice to end tenancy issued by a Landlord, I must consider if the Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession if the Application is

dismissed and the Landlord has issued a notice to end tenancy that that complies with

the Act.

As the Landlord's Notice is valid and as the Tenant has not attended the hearing, I

uphold the Notice. However, as the Landlord advised that the Tenant had vacated the rental unit on February 15, 2020, I find that granting an Order of Possession was

unnecessary.

Conclusion

I dismiss the Tenant's Application for Dispute Resolution without leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Residential Tenancy Act.

Dated: March 23, 2020

Residential Tenancy Branch