

Dispute Resolution Services

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding 1077036 BC Ltd 1077036 BC Ltd, Landlord and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes MNSDS-DR, FFT

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 38.1 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the tenant for a Monetary Order for the return of double the security deposit (the deposit).

The tenant submitted a signed Proof of Service Tenant's Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on April 18, 2020, the tenant sent the landlord the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail. The tenant provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. Based on the written submissions of the tenant and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the landlord will be deemed to have been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on April 23, 2020, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the tenant entitled to monetary compensation for the return of a security deposit pursuant to sections 38 and 67 of the *Act*?

Is the tenant entitled to recover the filing fee for this application pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

I have reviewed all written submissions and evidence before me; however, only the evidence and submissions relevant to the issues and findings in this matter are described in this decision.

The tenant submitted the following relevant evidentiary material:

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which names a landlord who is not the applicant and was signed by the tenant, indicating a monthly rent of \$750.00 and a security deposit of \$375.00, for a tenancy commencing on February 1, 2013;
- A copy of a receipt dated January 4, 2013, for \$375.00 of security deposit, paid by the tenant; and
- A copy of a decision from the Residential Tenancy Branch dated January 14, 2020, granting the tenant a Monetary Order in the amount of \$375.00 for the return of the security deposit.

<u>Analysis</u>

Res judicata prevents a plaintiff from pursuing a claim that already has been decided and also prevents a defendant from raising any new defense to defeat the enforcement of an earlier judgment.

A previously decided issue is comparable to the criminal law concept of double jeopardy.

The tenant submitted a copy of a decision indicating that a previous Arbitrator made a finding that the landlord was to return the security deposit to the tenant. The decision shows the Arbitrator issued a Monetary Order to that effect.

I therefore find that this current application is *res judicata*, meaning the matter has already been conclusively decided and cannot be decided again.

For this reason, the tenant's application for a Monetary Order for the return of double their security deposit is dismissed without leave to reapply.

As the tenant was not successful in this application, I find that the tenant is not entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

Conclusion

I dismiss the tenant's application for a Monetary Order for the return of double the security deposit without leave to reapply.

I dismiss the tenant's application to recover the filing fee paid for this application without leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: April 22, 2020

Residential Tenancy Branch