

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Singla Bros. Holdings Ltd and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPRM-DR, FFL

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and a Monetary Order.

The landlord has named two respondents, whose names are virtually identical. The only difference is the spelling of the first name. One name is spelled with an "a" and the other with an "e". For this reason, I will be referring to the tenants in this decision as "Tenant D(a).D." and "Tenant D(e).D."

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on September 16, 2020, the landlord sent Tenant D(a).D. the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding by registered mail to the rental unit. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the Tracking Number to confirm this mailing. Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that Tenant D(a).D. is deemed to have been served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on September 21, 2020, the fifth day after their registered mailing.

The landlord submitted a copy of a registered mail receipt containing a tracking number to confirm a package was sent to Tenant D(e).D.; however, I find the landlord has not submitted a copy of the Proof of Service of the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding form, which is a requirement of the Direct Request process.

For this reason, I will only proceed with the portion of the landlord's application naming Tenant D(a).D. as a respondent.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

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Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following relevant evidentiary material:

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and the tenants on June 1, 2019, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,140.00, due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on June 1, 2019;
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice)
 dated September 3, 2020, for \$649.31 in unpaid rent. The 10 Day Notice provides
 that the tenants had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or
 apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective
 vacancy date of September 13, 2020;
- A copy of a witnessed Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form which indicates that the 10 Day Notice was handed to Tenant D(e).D. at 2:30 pm on September 3, 2020; and
- A Direct Request Worksheet.

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and I find that Tenant D(a).D. was obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$1,140.00, as per the tenancy agreement.

In accordance with section 88 of the *Act*, I find that Tenant D(a).D. was duly served with the 10 Day Notice on September 3, 2020, the day the documents were handed to Tenant D(e).D., an adult who resides with Tenant D(a).D.

I accept the evidence before me that Tenant D(a).D. has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that Tenant D(a).D. is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, September 13, 2020.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent as of the date of this application, September 9, 2020.

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I note that the amount of rent on the 10 Day Notice (\$649.31) does not match the amount of rent being requested by the landlord (\$100.00). For this reason, the landlord's application for a Monetary Order for unpaid rent is dismissed with leave to reapply.

As the landlord was partially successful in this application, I find that the landlord is entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on Tenant D(a).D. Should Tenant D(a).D. **and any other occupant** fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*, I grant the landlord a Monetary Order in the amount of \$100.00 for the recovery of the filing fee for this application. The landlord is provided with this Order in the above terms and Tenant D(a).D. must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should Tenant D(a).D. fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

I dismiss the landlord's application for Monetary Order for unpaid rent is dismissed with leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: September 22, 2020	
	Residential Tenancy Branch