

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPU-DR, OPUM-DR, FFL

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord for an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent and utilities and a Monetary Order.

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that on March 26, 2021, the landlord personally served the tenant the Notice of Direct Request Proceeding. The landlord had the tenant sign the Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding to confirm personal service. Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with section 89 of the *Act*, I find that the tenant has been duly served with the Direct Request Proceeding documents on March 26, 2021.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent and utilities pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent and utilities pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

I have reviewed all written submissions and evidence before me; however, only the evidence and submissions relevant to the issues and findings in this matter are described in this decision.

The landlord submitted the following relevant evidentiary material:

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• A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and the tenant on April 20, 2020, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,000.00, due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on May 1, 2020

- A copy of a utility bill from the city for the rental unit dated January 4, 2021 listing a balance forwarded of \$1,309.88
- A copy of a demand letter from the landlord to the tenant, dated January 8, 2021, requesting payment of 50% of the \$1,309.88 in utilities
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) dated January 8, 2021, for \$1,000.00 in unpaid rent and \$654.94 in unpaid utilities. The 10 Day Notice provides that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of January 18, 2021
- A copy of a Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form which indicates that the 10 Day Notice was handed to an adult who apparently resides with the tenant on January 8, 2021
- A Direct Request Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant portion of this tenancy. The Direct Request Worksheet indicates that \$1,000.00 of the \$1,000.00 in unpaid rent was paid on January 13, 2021

<u>Analysis</u>

In an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, the onus is on the landlord to ensure that all submitted evidentiary material is in accordance with the prescribed criteria and that such evidentiary material does not lend itself to ambiguity or give rise to issues that may need further clarification beyond the purview of a Direct Request Proceeding. If the landlord cannot establish that all documents meet the standard necessary to proceed via the Direct Request Proceeding, the application may be found to have deficiencies that necessitate a participatory hearing, or, in the alternative, the application may be dismissed.

Unpaid rent

Section 46(4) of the *Act* states that within five days of a tenant receiving the 10 Day Notice, the tenant may either pay the rent or dispute the 10 Day Notice.

I find that the tenant paid the rent in full on January 13, 2021, within five days of the date of the 10 Day Notice.

I find the tenant paid the unpaid rent in accordance with section 46(4) of the *Act* and that the portion of the 10 Day Notice relating to unpaid rent is cancelled and of no force or effect.

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Unpaid utilities

Section 46(6) of the Act allows a landlord to treat unpaid utilities as unpaid rent if

- (a) a tenancy agreement requires the tenant to pay utility charges to the landlord, and
- (b) the utility charges are unpaid more than 30 days after the tenant is given a written demand for payment of them,

I find that the tenancy agreement states that the utilities are not included in the rent but does not specify that the tenant is to pay the utilities to the landlord.

I also find that the demand letter and the 10 Day Notice are both dated January 8, 2021 and that the landlord did not provide the 30 days required to allow the landlord to treat the unpaid utilities as unpaid rent.

For these reasons, I find the landlord did not have the authority to issue a 10 Day Notice for unpaid utilities.

Therefore, I dismiss the landlord's application to end this tenancy and obtain an Order of Possession based on the 10 Day Notice dated January 8, 2021, without leave to reapply.

The 10 Day Notice dated January 8, 2021, is cancelled and of no force or effect.

For the same reasons identified in the 10 Day Notice the landlord's application for a Monetary Order for unpaid utilities is dismissed, with leave to reapply.

As the landlord was not successful in this application, I find that the landlord is not entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

Conclusion

The landlord's application for an Order of Possession based on the 10 Day Notice dated January 8, 2021, is dismissed, without leave to reapply.

The 10 Day Notice dated January 8, 2021, is cancelled and of no force or effect.

This tenancy continues until it is ended in accordance with the Act.

I dismiss the landlord's application for a Monetary Order for unpaid utilities, with leave to reapply.

I dismiss the landlord's application to recover the filing fee paid for this application without leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: April 20, 2021

Residential Tenancy Branch