



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding UNITED RM INC.
and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes

CNC, OLC, MNDCT, RR, LRE, PSF

Introduction

This hearing dealt with the tenant's application pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act") for:

- cancellation of the landlord's 1 Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (the "1 Month Notice") pursuant to section 47;
- an order requiring the landlord to comply with the *Act*, regulation or tenancy agreement pursuant to section 62;
- a monetary order for compensation for damage or loss under the *Act*, regulation or tenancy agreement pursuant to section 67;
- an order to allow the tenant to reduce rent for repairs, services or facilities agreed upon but not provided, pursuant to section 65;
- an order to suspend or set conditions on the landlord's right to enter the rental unit pursuant to section 70; and
- an order to the landlord to provide services or facilities required by law pursuant to section 65.

This matter was set for hearing by telephone conference call at 9:30 am on this date. The line remained open while the phone system was monitored for ten minutes and the only participant who called into the hearing during this time was the respondent. The Notice of Hearing was confirmed to contain the correct information. The phone lines were confirmed to be functioning normally.

Rule 7.3 of the Rules of Procedure provides as follows:

7.3 Consequences of not attending the hearing – If a party or their agent fails to attend the hearing, the arbitrator may conduct the dispute resolution hearing in

the absence of that party, or dismiss the application with or without leave to reapply.

Therefore, as the applicants did not attend the hearing by 9:40 am, and the respondent appeared and was ready to proceed, I dismiss the claim without leave to reapply.

Section 55 of the *Act* provides that:

If a tenant makes an application for dispute resolution to dispute a landlord's notice to end a tenancy, the director must grant to the landlord an order of possession of the rental unit if

- (a) the landlord's notice to end tenancy complies with section 52 [form and content of notice to end tenancy], and
- (b) the director, during the dispute resolution proceeding, dismisses the tenant's application or upholds the landlord's notice.

I have dismissed the tenant's application, and I find that the 1 Month Notice complies with the form and content requirements of section 52 as it is signed and dated by the agent of the corporate landlord, provides the address of the rental unit, the effective date of the notice, and the grounds for the tenancy to end.

I accept the undisputed evidence of the landlord that the tenant has caused significant interference with and unreasonable disturbance of the other occupants of this multi-unit building through playing loud music, instigating hostile interactions, threatening others with bodily harm and conducting themselves in an aggressive manner. I am satisfied with the landlord's evidence including their undisputed testimony and their documentary submissions of multiple complaints from the other occupants.

I therefore find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession pursuant to section 55. As the effective date of the notice has passed, I issue an Order of Possession effective two (2) days after service.

Conclusion

The tenant's application is dismissed in its entirety without leave to reapply.

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlords effective **2 days after service on the tenant**. Should the tenant or anyone on the premises fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: May 4, 2021

Residential Tenancy Branch