

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding VANCOUVER MANAGEMENT LTD and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> CNC, MNDCT, OLC

Introduction and Preliminary Matters

On May 4, 2021, the Tenant made an Application for Dispute Resolution seeking to cancel a One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (the "Notice") pursuant to Section 47 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), seeking a Monetary Order for compensation pursuant to Section 67 of the *Act*, and seeking an Order to comply pursuant to Section 62 of the *Act*.

On May 17, 2021, this Application was set down for a hearing on September 10, 2021 at 11:00 AM.

T.D. attended the hearing as an agent for the Landlord; however, the Tenant did not attend the hearing at any point during the 17-minute teleconference. At the outset of the hearing, I informed T.D. that recording of the hearing was prohibited and he was reminded to refrain from doing so. He acknowledged this term, and he provided a solemn affirmation.

Rule 7.1 of the Rules of Procedure stipulates that the hearing must commence at the scheduled time unless otherwise decided by the Arbitrator. The Arbitrator may conduct the hearing in the absence of a party and may make a Decision or dismiss the Application, with or without leave to re-apply.

As the Tenant did not attend the hearing, I dismiss her Application without leave to reapply.

I note that Section 55 of the *Act* requires that when a Tenant submits an Application for Dispute Resolution seeking to cancel a notice to end tenancy issued by a Landlord, I must consider if the Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession if the Application is dismissed and the Landlord has issued a notice to end tenancy that complies with the *Act*.

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Section 52 of the *Act* requires that any notice to end tenancy issued by the Landlord must be signed and dated by the Landlord, give the address of the rental unit, state the effective date of the Notice, state the grounds for ending the tenancy, and be in the approved form.

As the Landlord's Notice is valid, as I am satisfied that the Notice was served in accordance with Section 88 of the *Act*, and as the Tenant's Application has been dismissed, I uphold the Notice and find that the Landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession pursuant to Sections 47 and 55 of the *Act*.

The effective end date of the tenancy of May 31, 2021 on the One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause is changed to the nearest date that complies with the law. Since that effective date has passed, and as per T.D.'s request, I grant an Order of Possession takes effect on **September 30, 2021 at 1:00 PM** after service of this Order on the Tenant.

Conclusion

The Tenant's Application is dismissed without leave to reapply.

Based on the above, I grant an Order of Possession to the Landlord effective on **September 30, 2021 at 1:00 PM after service of this Order** on the Tenant. Should the Tenant fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This Decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: September 10, 2021	
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	Residential Tenancy Branch