

Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

<u>Dispute Codes</u> OPR-DR, MNR-DR, FFL

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the Landlord to obtain an order of possession based on unpaid rent, to obtain monetary compensation for unpaid rent, and to recover the filing fee paid for the application.

This decision is written based on the Application for Dispute Resolution, evidence, and submissions provided by the Landlord on September 20, 2021.

The Landlord submitted a Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding form which was signed by the Landlord and Tenant T.H. and declares that on September 29, 2021, the Landlord personally served Tenant T.H. the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request.

Based on the written submissions and evidence of the Landlord and in accordance with section 89(1) of the *Act*, I find that the Direct Request Proceeding documents were served to Tenant T.H. on September 29, 2021.

The Landlord submitted a witnessed Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding form which declares that on September 29, 2021, the Landlord served Tenant S.M. the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request by posting it to the door of the rental unit.

Based on the written submissions and evidence of the Landlord and in accordance with sections 89(2) and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the Direct Request Proceeding documents were served on September 29, 2021 and are deemed to have been received by Tenant S.M. on October 2, 2021, the third day after they were posted to the door.

Page: 2

<u>Issues to be Decided</u>

Is the Landlord entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the Landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

Is the Landlord entitled to recover the filing fee for this application pursuant to section 72 of the *Act*?

Background and Evidence

I have reviewed all written submissions and evidence before me; however, only the evidence and submissions relevant to the issues and findings in this matter are described in this decision.

The Landlord submitted the following relevant evidentiary material:

- a copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the Landlord on July 29, 2021 and the Tenants on June 29, 2021, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,850.00, due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on July 1, 2021;
- a copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities (the "10 Day Notice") dated September 7, 2021, for \$925.00 in unpaid rent. The 10 Day Notice provides that the Tenants had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of September 16, 2021;
- a copy of a witnessed Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form which indicates that the 10 Day Notice was posted to the Tenants' door at 4:00pm on September 7, 2021; and;
- a copy of a Direct Request Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant period.

Page: 3

Analysis

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and I find that the Tenants were obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$1,850.00, as per the tenancy agreement.

In accordance with sections 88 and 90 of the *Act*, I find that the 10 Day Notice was served on September 7, 2021 and is deemed to have been received by the Tenants on September 10, 2021, three days after it was posted to the door.

I accept the evidence before me that the Tenants have failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the Tenants are conclusively presumed under sections 46(5) and 53(2) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the corrected effective date of the 10 Day Notice, September 20, 2021.

Therefore, I find that the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent.

In this type of matter, the Landlord must prove they served the Tenants with the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding – Direct Request and all documents in support of the application in accordance with section 89 of the *Act*.

Section 89(1) of the *Act* does <u>not</u> allow for the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request to be given to a Tenant by attaching a copy to a door at the address at which the Tenant resides.

Section 89(2) of the *Act* does allow for the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request to be given to a Tenant by attaching a copy to a door at the address at which the Tenant resides, only when considering an order of possession for the Landlord.

I find that the Landlord has served Tenant S.M. the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request to the door of the rental unit at which Tenant S.M. resides, and for this reason, the monetary portion of the Landlord's application against Tenant S.M. is dismissed, without leave to reapply.

Therefore, I find the Landlord is entitled to a monetary award against Tenant T.H. in the amount of \$925.00, the amount claimed by the Landlord for unpaid rent owing for September 2021.

Page: 4

As the Landlord was partially successful in this application, I find that the Landlord is entitled to recover the \$100.00 filing fee paid for this application.

Conclusion

I grant an order of possession to the Landlord effective **two days after service of this order** on the Tenant(s). Should the Tenant(s) fail to comply with this order, this order may be filed and enforced as an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to sections 67 and 72 of the *Act*, I grant the Landlord a monetary order against Tenant T.H. in the amount of \$1,025.00 for rent owed for September 2021 and for the recovery of the filing fee for this application. The Landlord is provided with this order in the above terms and Tenant T.H. must be served with **this order** as soon as possible. Should Tenant T.H. fail to comply with this order, this order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an order of that court.

The Landlord's application for a monetary order for unpaid rent against Tenant S.M. is dismissed, without leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: October 28, 2021

Residential Tenancy Branch