



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

**Dispute Codes**      **OPR-DR, MNR-DR**

### **Introduction**

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*), and dealt with an Application for Dispute Resolution by the landlord to obtain an Order of Possession and a Monetary Order based on unpaid rent.

This decision is written based on the Application for Dispute Resolution, evidence, and submissions provided by the landlord on November 30, 2021.

The landlord submitted a copy of a witnessed Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding form which declares that on December 3, 2021, the landlord personally served tenant B.D. the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request.

Based on the written submissions and evidence of the landlord and in accordance with section 89(1) of the *Act*, I find that the Direct Request Proceeding documents were served to tenant B.D. on December 3, 2021.

The landlord submitted a copy of a second witnessed Proof of Service Notice of Direct Request Proceeding form which declares that on December 3, 2021, the landlord served tenant A.D. the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request by handing it to tenant B.D.

Based on the written submissions and evidence of the landlord and in accordance with section 89(2) of the *Act*, I find that the Direct Request Proceeding documents were served to tenant A.D. December 3, 2021 when they were handed to tenant B.D.

### **Issues to be Decided**

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession for unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the *Act*?

Is the landlord entitled to monetary compensation for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*?

## Background and Evidence

The landlord submitted the following relevant evidentiary material:

- a copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and tenant B.D. on January 6, 2021, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,800.00, due on the first day of each month for a tenancy commencing on February 1, 2021;
- a copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent or Utilities (the “10 Day Notice”) dated November 19, 2021, for \$1,800.00 in unpaid rent. The 10 Day Notice provides that the tenants had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of November 29, 2021;
- a copy of a witnessed Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form which indicates that the 10 Day Notice was personally served to tenant B.D. at 11:30am on November 19, 2021;
- a copy of a Direct Request Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant period.

## Analysis

Paragraph 12 (1) (b) of the Residential Tenancy Regulation establishes that a tenancy agreement is required to be “signed and dated by both the landlord and the tenant.”

I find that tenant A.D. has not signed the tenancy agreement, which is a requirement of the direct request process. For this reason, the portion of the landlord’s application against tenant A.D. is dismissed without leave to reapply.

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and I find that tenant B.D. has signed the tenancy agreement and was obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$1,800.00, as per the tenancy agreement.

In accordance with section 88 of the *Act*, I find that the 10 Day Notice was served to tenant B.D. on November 19, 2021.

I accept the evidence before me that tenant B.D. has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the *Act* and did not dispute the 10 Day Notice within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that tenant B.D. is conclusively presumed under section 46(5) of the *Act* to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the effective date of the 10 Day Notice, November 29, 2021.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession and a monetary award against tenant B.D. in the amount of \$1,800.00, the amount claimed by the landlord for unpaid rent owing for November 2021.

### Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on tenant B.D. Should tenant B.D. and **any other occupant** fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Pursuant to section 67 of the *Act*, I grant the landlord a Monetary Order in the amount of \$1,800.00 for rent owed for November 2021. The landlord is provided with this Order in the above terms and tenant B.D. must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should tenant B.D. fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an Order of that court.

I dismiss the portion of the landlord's application for a Monetary Order naming tenant A.D. as a respondent without leave to reapply.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: January 11, 2022

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Residential Tenancy Branch