

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Singla Bros Holdings Ltd and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes OPR MNR FF

Introduction

This hearing was convened as a result of the landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution. A participatory hearing was held on February 18, 2022. The landlord applied for the following relief, pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"):

- an order of possession for unpaid rent or utilities; and,
- a monetary order for unpaid rent or utilities.

The Landlord attended the hearing and provided affirmed testimony. The Tenant did not attend the hearing. The Landlord testified that he attached the application, Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding, and evidence to the Tenants' front door on January 11, 2022. I find the Tenants are deemed to have received this package on January 14, 2022, the 3rd day after it was posted, pursuant to Section 90 of the *Act*.

The Landlord has requested to amend his application to include rent that has accrued since the original application date. I turn to the following Rules of Procedure (4.2):

Amending an application at the hearing

In circumstances that can reasonably be anticipated, such as when the amount of rent owing has increased since the time the Application for Dispute Resolution was made, the application may be amended at the hearing.

Further, the Landlord requested to amend his application to allow him to retain the security deposit to offset rent owed. In consideration of both of these requests, I hereby amend the Landlord's application accordingly.

The Landlord was provided the opportunity to present evidence orally and in written and documentary form, and to make submissions to me. I have reviewed all oral and written

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evidence before me that met the requirements of the Rules of Procedure. However, only the evidence relevant to the issues and findings in this matter are described in this Decision.

Issue(s) to be Decided

- 1. Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession for unpaid rent or utilities?
- 2. Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent or utilities?
- 3. Is the landlord authorized to retain all or a portion of the tenant's security deposit in partial satisfaction of the monetary order requested, pursuant to section 38?
- 4. Is the landlord entitled to recover the filing fee from the tenant for the cost of this application?

Background and Evidence

The Landlord testified that rent, in the amount of \$1,730.00, is due on the first day of each month, and that he holds a security deposit of \$443.00.

The Landlord testified that he issued the 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the 10 Day Notice) by posting it to the door of the rental unit on November 2, 2021. The Landlord stated that the Tenant owed \$300.00 at that time, even though there was only \$200.00 listed on the 10 Day Notice. A copy of the 10 Day Notice was provided into evidence.

The Landlord testified that the Tenants have made partial payments, since the start of November 2021, as follows:

		Amount	Amount	Accrued
Date	Item	Due	Paid	Balance Owing
November 1, 2021	Rent Due	\$1,730.00	\$1,430.00	\$300.00
November 15, 2021	Rent Paid		\$200.00	\$100.00
November 19, 2021	Rent Paid		\$100.00	\$0.00
December 1, 2021	Rent Due	\$1,730.00		\$1,730.00
December 4, 2021	Rent Paid		\$900.00	\$830.00
December 10, 2021	Rent Paid		\$1,050.00	(\$220.00)
January 1, 2022	Rent Due	\$1,730.00		\$1,510.00
January 7, 2022	Rent Payment		\$1,400.00	\$110.00
February 1, 2022	Rent Due	\$1,730.00		\$1,840.00

Total Accrued Balance	\$1,840.00

<u>Analysis</u>

Based on the unchallenged affirmed testimony and documentary evidence, and on a balance of probabilities, I find as follows:

Section 26 of the *Act* confirms that a tenant must pay rent when it is due unless the tenant has a right under the *Act* to deduct all or a portion of rent. When a tenant does not pay rent when due, section 46(1) of the *Act* permits a landlord to end the tenancy by issuing a notice to end tenancy. A tenant who receives a notice to end tenancy under this section has five days, under section 46(4) of the *Act*, after receipt to either pay rent in full or dispute the notice by filing an application for dispute resolution. When a tenant does not pay rent in full or dispute the notice, the tenant is conclusively presumed to have accepted the tenancy ends on the effective date of the notice, as per section 46(5) of the *Act*.

In this case, I find that the tenants owed past due rent at the time the 10 Day Notice was issued. The landlord personally attached a copy of the 10 Day Notice to the Tenants front door on November 2, 2021. The Notice indicated that \$200.00, but this amount was actually \$300.00. Pursuant to section 90 of the Act I find the Tenants are deemed to have received the 10 Day Notice on November 5, 2021.

The Tenants had 5 days to pay rent <u>in full</u> or file an application for dispute resolution. Although the tenants made several partial payments later in the month, the evidence before me indicates that the Tenants did not pay the total balance outstanding within 5 days of being served with the 10 Day Notice. As such, I find the tenants are conclusively presumed to have accepted the end of the tenancy, on the effective date of the notice. The Landlord is entitled to an order of possession, which will be effective two (2) days after it is served on the tenants.

Next, I turn to the Landlord's request for a Monetary Order for unpaid rent. After considering the evidence before me, as summarized in the chart above, I find there is sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the tenants owe and has failed to pay \$1,840.00 in past due rent.

Section 72 of the *Act* gives me authority to order the repayment of a fee for an application for dispute resolution. Since the Landlord was substantially successful in this hearing, I order the tenants to repay the \$100. Also, pursuant to sections 72 of the

Act, I authorize that the security deposit, currently held by the Landlord, be kept and used to offset the amount of rent still owed by the Tenants. In summary, I grant the monetary order based on the following:

Claim	Amount
Cumulative unpaid rent as above	\$1,840.00
Others	
Other:	
Filing fee	\$100.00
Less:	
Security Deposit currently held by Landlord	(\$443.00)
TOTAL:	\$1,497.00

Conclusion

The landlord is granted an order of possession effective **two days after service** on the tenant. This order must be served on the tenant. If the tenant fails to comply with this order the landlord may file the order with the Supreme Court of British Columbia and be enforced as an order of that Court.

The landlord is granted a monetary order pursuant to Section 67 in the amount of **\$1,497.00**. This order must be served on the tenant. If the tenant fails to comply with this order the landlord may file the order in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and be enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: February 18, 2022

Residential Tenancy Branch