



# Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch  
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding Caribou Place  
and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

## **DECISION**

**Dispute Codes**      **CNC, FFT**

### **Introduction**

This hearing dealt with an application by the tenant under the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*) for the following:

- Cancellation of One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (“One Month Notice”) pursuant to section 47;
- An order requiring the landlord to reimburse the tenant for the filing fee pursuant to section 72.

The tenant attended. The landlord attended through the agent WH (“the landlord”). All parties had opportunity to provide affirmed testimony, present evidence and make submissions. The hearing process was explained.

No issues of service were raised.

The parties confirmed the email addresses to which the Decision would be sent.

### **Settlement**

Before the conclusion of this hearing, the parties discussed the issues between them, engaged in a conversation, turned their minds to compromise, and achieved a resolution of their dispute.

Pursuant to section 63 of the *Act*, the Arbitrator may assist the parties to settle their dispute and if the parties do so during the dispute resolution proceedings, the

settlement may be recorded in the form of a Decision or an Order. This settlement agreement was reached in accordance with section 63.

Given the agreement reached between the parties during the proceedings, I find that the parties have settled their dispute and the following records this settlement as a Decision:

**The parties agreed as follows:**

- 1) The tenancy between the parties will end at 1:00 PM on March 1, 2022, by which time the tenant and any other occupants will return vacant possession of the rental unit to the landlord.
- 2) The parties will deal with the issue of the security deposit at the end of the tenancy.

In support of the agreement described above, the landlord is granted an Order of Possession effective 1:00 PM on March 1, 2022 and after service on the tenant. The landlord may serve and enforce this Order if the tenant fails to move out as specified above.

This Order of Possession must be read in conjunction with the above settlement agreement.

Should either party violate the terms of this agreement, the tenancy agreement, or the *Act*, it is open to the other party to take steps under the *Act* for an appropriate remedy.

**The landlord must not seek to enforce this Order** on the tenant **unless** the tenant fails to meet the conditions of this agreement.

The Order of Possession may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

The parties are bound by the terms of this agreement, as well as by the terms of their tenancy agreement and the *Act*.

The Arbitrator reviewed the terms of the settlement with the parties; both parties stated they understood and agreed to the terms.

Based on the above, I find that all matters between these parties raised in this application are resolved pursuant to the above agreed terms.

### Conclusion

The landlord is granted an Order of Possession effective 1:00 PM on March 1, 2022 and after service on the tenant. The landlord may serve and enforce this Order if the tenant fails to move out as specified above.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: February 14, 2022

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Residential Tenancy Branch