



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes For the tenant: CNC
For the landlord: MNDCL-S, OPC, FFL

Introduction

This hearing dealt with a cross application. The tenant's application pursuant to the Residential Tenancy Act (the Act) is for cancellation of the One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (the Notice), pursuant to section 47.

The landlord's application pursuant to the Act is for:

- a monetary order for loss under the Act, the regulation or tenancy agreement, pursuant to section 67;
- an authorization to retain the security deposit, under section 38;
- an order of possession under the Notice, pursuant to sections 47 and 55; and
- an authorization to recover the filing fee for this application, under section 72.

Both parties attended the hearing. Tenant NB was assisted by advocate KO. All were given a full opportunity to be heard, to present affirmed testimony, to make submissions, and to call witnesses.

At the outset of the hearing the attending parties affirmed they understand it is prohibited to record this hearing.

Per section 95(3) of the Act, the parties may be fined up to \$5,000.00 if they record this hearing: "A person who contravenes or fails to comply with a decision or an order made by the director commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine of not more than \$5 000."

Both applications list the tenant as NB and the landlord as PW.

Settlement

Pursuant to section 63 of the Act, an arbitrator may assist the parties to settle their dispute and if the parties settle their dispute during the dispute resolution proceedings,

the settlement may be recorded in the form of a decision or an order. During the hearing the parties discussed the issues between them, engaged in a conversation, turned their minds to compromise and achieved a resolution of their dispute.

Both parties agreed to the following final and binding settlement of all issues listed in these applications for dispute resolution:

1. The tenant agrees to provide the landlord with vacant possession of the subject rental property by 1:00 P.M. on May 31, 2022. An Order of Possession will be issued.
2. The tenant will pay rent in the amount of \$3,600.00 for March 2022 by March 11, 2022.
3. The tenant will pay rent in the amount of \$3,600.00 on April 01 and \$3,600.00 on May 01, 2022.
4. Both parties are at liberty to submit monetary applications related to this tenancy, including the claim made by the landlord in her application.

Conclusion

As the parties have reached a settlement, I make no factual findings about the merits of this application.

To give effect to the settlement reached between the parties and as discussed with them during the hearing, pursuant to section 63(2) of the Act, I issue an order of possession to the landlord, which is to take effect by 1:00 P.M. on May 31, 2022. The landlord is provided with this order in the above terms and must serve it on the tenant in accordance with the Act. If the tenant fails to comply with this Order, this order may be filed and enforced as an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: March 10, 2022

Residential Tenancy Branch