

# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

## **DECISION**

<u>Dispute Codes</u> CNC-MT, FFT

#### **Introduction and Preliminary Matters**

On June 3, 2022, the Tenant made an Application for Dispute Resolution seeking to cancel a One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause (the "Notice") pursuant to Section 47 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*"), seeking more time to cancel the Notice pursuant to Section 66 of the *Act*, and seeking to recover the filing fee pursuant to Section 72 of the *Act*.

The Tenant attended the hearing. J.W. attended the hearing as the property manager and agent for the owner/Landlord. At the outset of the hearing, I explained to the parties that as the hearing was a teleconference, none of the parties could see each other, so to ensure an efficient, respectful hearing, this would rely on each party taking a turn to have their say. As such, when one party is talking, I asked that the other party not interrupt or respond unless prompted by myself. Furthermore, if a party had an issue with what had been said, they were advised to make a note of it and when it was their turn, they would have an opportunity to address these concerns. The parties were also informed that recording of the hearing was prohibited, and they were reminded to refrain from doing so. As well, all parties in attendance provided a solemn affirmation.

Service of documents was discussed, and submissions were made with respect to the Tenant's request for more time to dispute the Notice. However, the parties turned their minds to reaching a full and final settlement agreement. The parties were able to reach an agreement and I have recorded the terms of agreement by way of this Decision, the Order of Possession, and the conditional Monetary Order that accompanies it.

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## <u>Settlement Agreement</u>

The parties raised the possibility of settlement pursuant to Section 63(1) of the *Act* which allows an Arbitrator to assist the parties to settle the dispute. I explained to the parties that settlement discussions are voluntary, that if they chose not to discuss settlement I would make a final and binding Decision on the matter, and that if they chose to discuss settlement and did not come to an agreement, that I would make a final and binding Decision on the matter.

I advised the parties that if they did come to an agreement, I would write out this agreement in my written Decision and make any necessary Orders. I also explained that the written Decision would become a final and legally binding agreement. The parties did not have questions about discussing a settlement when asked.

The parties reached the following full and final settlement agreement during the hearing:

- 1. The One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause, dated May 3, 2022, was not signed and did not comply with Section 52 of the *Act*. Thus, it was an invalid Notice and is cancelled and of no force or effect.
- 2. The Tenant will maintain possession of the rental unit until **March 31, 2023 at 1:00 PM**.
- 3. The Tenant must give up vacant possession of the rental unit on **March 31, 2023** at 1:00 PM. An Order of Possession will be awarded to the Landlord for this date.
- 4. The Tenant must continue to pay to the Landlord the rent in the amount of \$7,105.00 per month, as per the terms of the tenancy agreement.
- 5. The Tenant must also pay to the Landlord the amount of **\$500.00** to satisfy the strata fine debt that has accrued up until the date of this hearing. This amount must be paid to the Landlord by **December 31, 2022**. The Landlord must make a separate Application for compensation if any other strata fines are levied after the date of this hearing.
- 6. Should the Tenant not comply with condition five of this settlement, a conditional Monetary Order will be awarded to the Landlord in this amount.
- 7. The parties agreed that fulfilment of these conditions would amount to full and complete satisfaction of this dispute.

This settlement agreement was reached in accordance with Section 63 of the *Act*. The parties confirmed at the end of the hearing that this agreement was made on a voluntary basis and that they understood the binding nature of this full and final

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settlement of this dispute.

# Conclusion

The parties reached a full and final settlement agreement in resolution of this dispute. I have recorded the terms of settlement in this Decision, and in recognition of the settlement agreement, I hereby Order that the One Month Notice to End Tenancy for Cause of May 3, 2022 to be cancelled and of no force or effect.

The Landlord is provided with a formal copy of an Order of Possession effective at 1:00 PM on March 31, 2023 after service of this Order on the Tenant. Should the Tenant or any occupant on the premises fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

The Landlord is also provided with a conditional Monetary Order in the amount of **\$500.00** to serve and enforce upon the Tenant, if necessary. The Order must be served on the Tenant by the Landlord. Should the Tenant fail to comply with condition five of this settlement, this Order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an Order of that Court. This Order will not be enforceable should the Tenant pay this amount to the Landlord.

This Decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: October 17, 2022	
	Residential Tenancy Branch