

Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

A matter regarding PORTLAND HOTEL SOCIETY and [tenant name suppressed to protect privacy]

DECISION

Dispute Codes ET

Introduction

This hearing dealt with the landlord's application pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the *Act*) for:

 an early end to this tenancy and the issuance of an Order of Possession pursuant to section 56.

Only the landlord appeared at the hearing. The landlord provided affirmed testimony and was provided the opportunity to present evidence orally and in written and documentary form, and to make submissions to me.

The landlord testified and supplied documentary evidence that she served the tenant with the Notice of Hearing, Application for Dispute Resolution and evidence personally on October 4, 2022 in the presence of a witness and provided a document to corroborate that. I find the tenant has been duly served in accordance with the Act. I have reviewed all evidence and testimony before me that met the requirements of the rules of procedure; however, I refer to only the relevant facts and issues in this decision.

Issues(s) to be Decided

Is the landlord entitled to an early end of tenancy and an Order of Possession?

Background and Evidence

This tenancy began on December 10, 2011 with the current monthly rent of \$375.00 due on the first of each month. The landlord testified that the tenant and her boyfriend have been threatening and abusive for staff on numerous occasions. The landlord testified that the aggression escalated since September 6, 2022 when the staff observed the tenant dragging a man out of her unit and leaving him in the hallway. That

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man died shortly after that. The landlord testified that the tenant is a know drug dealer and has numerous people coming and going to her unit. The landlord testified that this tenant has made the building unsafe for other tenants as well as the staff. The landlord filed this application for the following reasons:

"Tenant has unreasonable amount of guests. Tenant's guests dragged a man into the hallway without alerting staff and he passed away. Tenant has attempted to facilitate violence against building staff.."

The landlord stated that this is an urgent application about a tenant who poses an immediate and severe risk to the rental property, other occupants or the landlord and wants an order of possession.

Analysis

Section 56 of the *Act* establishes the grounds whereby a landlord may make an application for dispute resolution to request an end to a tenancy and the issuance of an Order of Possession on a date that is earlier than the tenancy would end if notice to end the tenancy were given under section 47 for a landlord's notice for cause. In order to end a tenancy early and issue an Order of Possession under section 56, I need to be satisfied that the tenant has done any of the following:

- significantly interfered with or unreasonably disturbed another occupant or the landlord of the residential property;
- seriously jeopardized the health or safety or a lawful right or interests of the landlord or another occupant.
- put the landlord's property at significant risk;
- engaged in illegal activity that has caused or is likely to cause damage to the landlord's property;
- engaged in illegal activity that has adversely affected or is likely to adversely affect the quiet enjoyment, security, safety or physical wellbeing of another occupant of the residential property;
- engaged in illegal activity that has jeopardized or is likely to jeopardize a lawful right or interest of another occupant or the landlord;
- caused extraordinary damage to the residential property, and

it would be unreasonable, or unfair to the landlord, the tenant or other occupants of the residential property, to wait for a notice to end the tenancy under section 47 [landlord's notice: cause]... to take effect.

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The landlord has provided undisputed testimony and extensive documentation to satisfy me that the tenant has:

- seriously jeopardized the health or safety or a lawful right or interests of the landlord or another occupant.
- put the landlord's property at significant risk;
- engaged in illegal activity that has caused or is likely to cause damage to the landlord's property;

and it would be unreasonable, or unfair to the landlord, the tenant or other occupants of the residential property, to wait for a notice to end the tenancy under section 47.

Based on the above, I find that the landlord is entitled to have this tenancy end early and grant them an order of possession. The tenancy is terminated.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord effective **two days after service of this Order** on the tenant. Should the tenant fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

The tenancy is terminated.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: October 27, 2022

Residential Tenancy Branch