

DECISION

Introduction

This matter proceeded by way of an *ex parte* Direct Request Proceeding, pursuant to section 55(4) of the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act"), and dealt with the landlord's Application for Dispute Resolution (Application) for:

- an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the Act
- a Monetary Order for unpaid rent pursuant to section 67 of the Act (\$4,500.00)

Service of Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request

The landlord submitted a signed Proof of Service Landlord's Notice of Direct Request Proceeding which declares that the tenant was served with the Notice of Dispute Resolution Proceeding - Direct Request (Proceeding Package) in accordance with section 89 of the Act. The landlord provided a copy of the Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the tracking number to confirm this service.

Based on the written submissions of the landlord and in accordance with section 90 of the Act, I find that Tenant K.B. was served on November 5, 2022, by registered mail, and is deemed to have received the Proceeding Package on November 10, 2022, the fifth day after the registered mailing.

Issue(s) to be decided

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent?

Is the landlord entitled to a Monetary Order for unpaid rent? (\$4,500.00)

Background and Evidence

I have reviewed all written submissions and evidence before me; however, only the evidence and submissions relevant to the issues and findings in this matter are described in this decision.

The landlord submitted the following evidentiary material:

- A copy of a residential tenancy agreement which was signed by the landlord and the tenant on September 22, 2020, indicating a monthly rent of \$1,480.00, due on the first day of the month for a tenancy commencing on October 1, 2020;
- A copy of a Notice of Rent Increase form showing the rent being increased from \$1,480.00 to the monthly rent amount of \$1,500.00;
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the August 10 Day Notice) dated September 9, 2022, for \$1,500.00 in unpaid rent that was due on August 1, 2022. The August 10 Day Notice provides that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of September 19, 2022;
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the September 10 Day Notice) dated September 10, 2022, for \$1,500.00 in unpaid rent that was due on September 1, 2022. The September 10 Day Notice provides that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of September 19, 2022;
- A copy of a 10 Day Notice to End Tenancy for Unpaid Rent (the October 10 Day Notice) dated October 7, 2022, for \$1,500.00 in unpaid rent that was due on October 1, 2022. The October 10 Day Notice provides that the tenant had five days from the date of service to pay the rent in full or apply for Dispute Resolution or the tenancy would end on the stated effective vacancy date of October 18, 2022;
- A copy of a Proof of Service Notice to End Tenancy form which indicates that the three 10 Day Notices were sent to the tenant by registered mail on October 7, 2022;
- A copy of a Canada Post Customer Receipt containing the tracking number to confirm the 10 Day Notices were sent to the tenant on October 7, 2022;
- A Direct Request Worksheet showing the rent owing and paid during the relevant portion of this tenancy.

Analysis

Is the landlord entitled to an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent?

Section 46 of the Act requires that upon receipt of a 10 Day Notice the tenant must, within five days, either pay the full amount of the arrears as indicated on the 10 Day Notice or dispute the 10 Day Notice by filing an Application for Dispute Resolution with the Residential Tenancy Branch. If the tenant does not pay the arrears or dispute the 10 Day Notice they are conclusively presumed to have accepted the end of the tenancy pursuant to section 46(5) of the Act.

I have reviewed all documentary evidence and I find that the tenant was obligated to pay the monthly rent in the amount of \$1,500.00, as per the tenancy agreement and the Notice of Rent Increase.

In accordance with sections 88 and 90 of the Act, I find that the 10 Day Notices were served on October 7, 2022 and are deemed to have been received by the tenant on October 12, 2022, five days after its registered mailing.

I accept the evidence before me that the tenant has failed to pay the rent owed in full within the five days granted under section 46(4) of the Act and did not dispute any of the 10 Day Notices within that five-day period.

Based on the foregoing, I find that the tenant is conclusively presumed under sections 46(5) and 53(2) of the Act to have accepted that the tenancy ended on the corrected effective date of the 10 Day Notices, October 22, 2022.

Therefore, I find that the landlord is entitled to an Order of Possession based on unpaid rent pursuant to sections 46 and 55 of the Act.

Is the landlord entitled to a Monetary Order for unpaid rent?

Section 26 of the Act requires a tenant to pay rent to the landlord, regardless of whether the landlord complies with the Act, regulations or tenancy agreement, unless the tenant has a right to deduct all or a portion of rent under the Act.

Based on the evidence before me, I find that the landlord has established a claim for unpaid rent owing from August 2022 to October 2022.

Therefore, I find the landlord is entitled to a monetary award in the amount of \$4,500.00, the amount claimed by the landlord for unpaid rent, pursuant to sections 26 and 67 of the Act.

Conclusion

I grant an Order of Possession to the landlord **effective two (2) days after service of this Order on the tenant**. Should the tenant or anyone on the premises fail to comply with this Order, this Order may be filed and enforced as an Order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

I grant the landlord a Monetary Order in the amount of **\$4,500.00** for rent owed from August 2022 to October 2022. The landlord is provided with this Order in the above terms and the tenant must be served with **this Order** as soon as possible. Should the tenant fail to comply with **this Order**, this Order may be filed in the Small Claims Division of the Provincial Court and enforced as an Order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: December 13, 2022

Residential Tenancy Branch