# **Dispute Resolution Services**

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Residential Tenancy Branch Ministry of Housing

# DECISION

Dispute Codes CNR OLC

#### Introduction

This hearing was convened as a result of the Tenant's Application for Dispute Resolution. The Tenant applied for multiple remedies, including to cancel a 10 Day Notice for Unpaid Rent or Utilities, pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "*Act*").

The Landlord (respondent) attended the hearing. However, the Tenant (applicant) did not. The hearing was by telephone conference and began promptly, as scheduled, at 11:00 AM Pacific Time on March 21, 2023, as per the Notice of a Dispute Resolution Hearing provided to the Tenant. The line remained open while the phone system was monitored for 10 minutes and the only participant who called into the hearing during this time was the respondent Landlord who was ready to proceed. The Landlord testified that the Tenant moved out of the rental unit suddenly towards the end of January 2023, and when he left, there was a large sum or rent owing.

After the ten minute waiting period, the Tenant's application was **dismissed in full**, **without leave to reapply**.

Section 55 of the Act applies and states:

# Order of possession for the landlord

**55** (1) If a tenant makes an application for dispute resolution to dispute a landlord's notice to end a tenancy, the director must grant to the landlord an order of possession of the rental unit if

(a) the landlord's notice to end tenancy complies with section 52 *[form and content of notice to end tenancy]*, and

(b) the director, during the dispute resolution proceeding, dismisses the tenant's application or upholds the landlord's notice.

(1.1)If an application referred to in subsection (1) is in relation to a landlord's notice to end a tenancy under section 46 [landlord's notice: non-payment of rent], and the circumstances referred to in subsection (1) (a) and (b) of this section apply, the director must grant an order requiring the payment of the unpaid rent.

[My emphasis added]

Under section 55 of the *Act*, when a Tenant's application to cancel a notice to end tenancy is dismissed and I am satisfied that the Notice to end tenancy complies with the requirements under section 52, I must grant the Landlord an order of possession. Section 52 of the *Act* requires that any notice to end tenancy issued by a landlord must be signed and dated by the landlord, give the address of the rental unit, state the effective date of the notice, state the grounds for ending the tenancy, and be in the approved form.

I note the Tenant has moved out of the rental unit, and the Landlord no longer needs an order of possession, pursuant to section 55 of the Act.

Next, I turn to section 55 (1.1) of the Act, which specifies that I must grant a monetary order for outstanding unpaid rent if the Tenant's application to cancel the 10 Day Notice is dismissed. This means the only remaining issue for this application is what amount of rent is owed. This will be addressed further below.

#### Issue(s) to be Decided

• Is the Landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent or utilities?

## Background and Evidence

The Landlord testified that rent in the amount of \$1,975.00 is due on the first of each month. The Landlord stated that she did not receive any rent for December 2022 or January 2023. The Landlord stated that the Tenant moved out suddenly towards the end of January 2023.

The Landlord is seeking to recover the unpaid rent and to retain the security deposit of \$987.50.

## <u>Analysis</u>

Based on the unchallenged affirmed testimony and documentary evidence, and on a balance of probabilities, I find as follows:

Section 26 of the *Act* confirms that a tenant must pay rent when it is due unless the tenant has a right under the *Act* to deduct all or a portion of rent.

I find there is insufficient evidence the Tenant had any right under the Act to withhold rent. I find there is sufficient evidence from the Landlord's testimony to demonstrate that the Tenant owes and has failed to pay \$3,950.00 in unpaid rent.

The Landlord is authorized, pursuant to section 72 of the Act, to retain the security deposit of \$987.50. A monetary order will be issued for the remaining balance of unpaid rent, \$2,962.50.

#### **Conclusion**

The Landlord is granted a monetary order pursuant to Section 67 in the amount of \$2,962.50. This order must be served on the Tenant. If the Tenants fail to comply with this order the Landlord may file the order in the Provincial Court (Small Claims) and be enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: March 22, 2023