

Dispute Resolution Services

Page: 1

Residential Tenancy Branch Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Introduction

This hearing was convened in response to an application by the Tenants pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act* (the "Act") for Orders as follows:

- 1. An Order cancelling a notice to end tenancy Section 49; and
- 2. An Order to recover the filing fee for this application Section 72.

Both Parties appeared. At the onset of the hearing the Tenant confirmed that they are no longer disputing the notice to end tenancy as they have found another rental for June 30, 2023 and will be moving out of the unit. Given this confirmation I dismiss the Tenants' application.

Issue(s) to be Decided

Is the Landlord entitled to an order of possession?

Background and Evidence

The tenancy started on June 15, 2021. Rent of \$1,340.00 is payable each month. At the outset of the tenancy the Landlord collected a security deposit of \$650.00. The Landlord gave the Tenant a two month notice to end tenancy for landlord's use dated March 16, 2023.

<u>Analysis</u>

Section 55(1) provides that if a tenant makes an application for dispute resolution to dispute a landlord's notice to end a tenancy, an order of possession must be granted to the landlord if, the notice to end tenancy complies in form and content and the tenant's application is dismissed or the landlord's notice is upheld. Section 52 of the Act

Page: 2

provides that in order to be effective, a notice to end a tenancy must be in writing and

must

(a) be signed and dated by the landlord or tenant giving the notice,

(b) give the address of the rental unit,

(c) state the effective date of the notice,

(d) except for a notice under section 45 (1) or (2) [tenant's notice], state the

grounds for ending the tenancy, and

(e) when given by a landlord, be in the approved form.

As the Tenants' application has been dismissed and as the Notice complies with the

Act, I find that the Landlord is entitled to an order of possession for the effective date of

the Notice.

Conclusion

The Tenants' application is dismissed.

I grant an Order of Possession to the Landlord effective 1:00 p.m. on June 30, 2023.

The Tenants must be served with this **Order of Possession**. Should the Tenants fail to

comply with the order, the order may be filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia

and enforced as an order of that Court.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential

Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the Act.

Dated: May 02, 2023

Residential Tenancy Branch