



Dispute Resolution Services

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Residential Tenancy Branch
Office of Housing and Construction Standards

DECISION

Dispute Codes: *OPR, CNR, MNR, FF*

Introduction

This hearing dealt with applications by the landlord and the tenant, pursuant to the *Residential Tenancy Act*. The landlord applied for an order of possession and for a monetary order for unpaid rent and the filing fee. The tenant applied for an order to cancel the notice to end tenancy.

Both parties attended the hearing and were given full opportunity to present evidence and make submissions. The tenant stated that he received the evidence of the landlord and did not file any evidence of his own.

Issues to be decided

Is the landlord entitled to an order of possession or should the notice to end tenancy be set aside? Is the landlord entitled to a monetary order for unpaid rent and the filing fee?

Background and Evidence

The landlord and tenant entered into a tenancy agreement on November 01, 2021. The rent is \$1,650.00 per month due on the first day of each month.

The tenant agreed that he last paid rent in January 2023. On June 22, 2023, the landlord served the tenant with a notice to end tenancy for \$9,950.00 in unpaid rent. The tenant disputed the notice but did not pay rent and continues to occupy the rental unit. The tenant agreed that at the time of the hearing, he owed a total of \$13,200.00 in unpaid rent.

The parties discussed the tenant's situation and both parties agreed to end the tenancy on August 31, 2023. The tenant also agreed that he owed \$13,200.00 in unpaid rent. The landlord has applied for an order of possession and for a monetary order.

Analysis

The tenant received the notice to end tenancy for unpaid rent, on June 22, 2023 and did not pay rent within five days of receiving the notice to end tenancy, pursuant to Section 46 to set aside the notice to end a residential tenancy, and the time to do so has expired.

In these situations, the *Residential Tenancy Act* provides that the tenant has been deemed to have accepted the end of the tenancy on the date set out in the notice. Pursuant to section 55(2) and as agreed to by both parties, I am issuing a formal order of possession effective by 1:00pm on August 31, 2023. The order may be filed in the Supreme Court for enforcement.

I also find that the landlord is entitled to \$13,200.00 for unpaid rent. The landlord has proven her case and is also entitled to the recovery of the filing fee of \$100.00. I grant the landlord an order under section 67 of the *Residential Tenancy Act* for the amount due of \$13,300.00. This order may be filed in the Small Claims Court and enforced as an order of that Court.

Conclusion

I grant the landlord an order of possession effective by **1:00pm on August 31, 2023**. I also grant the landlord a monetary order in the amount of **\$13,300.00**

The tenant's application is dismissed in its entirety.

This decision is made on authority delegated to me by the Director of the Residential Tenancy Branch under Section 9.1(1) of the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

Dated: August 01, 2023

Residential Tenancy Branch